MEDICATION ADHERENCE & YOU





It takes 12 years to formulate a prescription drug from

an idea to your pharmacist's shelf.

That's a long period of development,

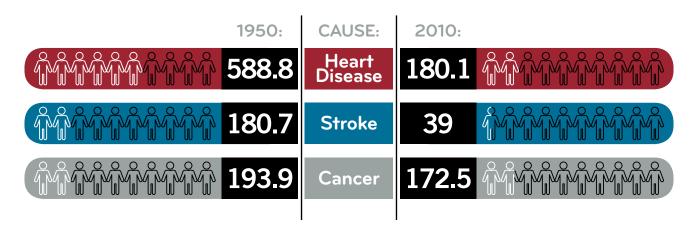
testing, and clinical trials to get the chemistry just right...





All this research has enabled scientists to save or extend the lives of millions of patients suffering from a range of diseases.

DEATHS PER 1,000 PEOPLE



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and National Center for Health Statistics. National Vital Statistics System. 2011. Available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss.htm. Accessed 11/12/12.





And yet, half of patients prescribed medications don't take their meds correctly. Why?





Drugs don't work in those who don't take them.

— C. Everett Koop, Surgeon General

What is non-adherence?

Simply put, being non-adherent means not taking your medications as directed. This can include:

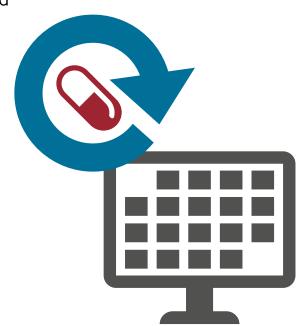
- Forgetting or missing doses
- Taking a lower dose
- Not refilling on time or at all
- Stopping a medication completely





Non-adherence results in:

- Thirty to 50 percent of treatment failures and 125,000 deaths annually. (1)
- Unexpected complications and increased visits to the emergency room.
- Hospital readmissions—17 percent more frequently. (2)
- Higher costs for the healthcare system—between \$100 billion and \$289 billion annually. (3)





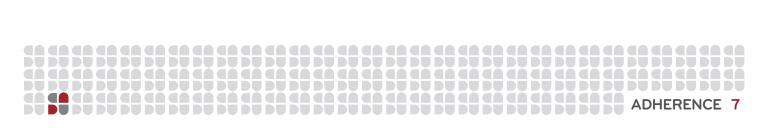


Taking your medications as prescribed is not just about

keeping you out of the emergency room.

Taking charge of your health, including prescription adherence, will help you to

live your life more fully and keep doing the activities you enjoy.





The number one driver of good adherence is having a relationship with a pharmacist. **Talk with your pharmacist** to proactively address the concerns you have about taking your medications and to look for ways to help simplify how you take them.

Tips for taking all your meds:

- Talk to your pharmacist on a regular basis.
- Store all of your prescriptions in the same place.
- Ask for help from a friend or family member.
- Take your medication(s) at the same time every day.
- Use a pillbox at home.





Tips for taking all your meds: (Continued)

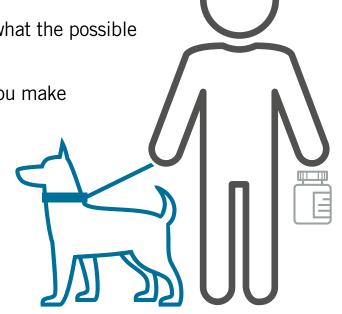
 Consider mobile tools that remind you to take your meds; if you have a mobile phone, set appointments for yourself that correspond with your prescription schedule.

Develop coping strategies for when you slip up.

 Learn why each pill is important and what the possible side effects may be.

 Ask about special packaging to help you make sense of which pills to take when.

- Associate it with another daily activity (e.g. cooking, watching the news, walking the dog).
- Place a sticky note somewhere you will see it every day (e.g. by the kitchen sink or on the telephone).





Want to take charge of your health?

Talk to your pharmacist today about improving your medication adherence.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

American Diabetes Association
American Heart Association
Alzheimer's Association

REFERENCES:

- (1) The Atlantic
- (2) National Center for Biotechnology Information
- (3) New England Journal of Medicine

